# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD**

# ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2005

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#### DIRECTORY

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Telephone:	(08) 9381 3900
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Executive Director:	Ralph Dawson
Internal Auditors:	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
External Auditors:	The Auditor General of Western Australia
Business Hours:	8.30 am to 5.00 p.m. Monday to Friday
Publications:	Information brochures, reports and other material explaining the
Website:	operation of the BCITF are available from the office. <u>www.bcitf.org</u> and <u>www.nolimits.org</u>

# **Enabling** Legislation

The Building and Construction Industry Training Board was established in 1991 under Section 6 of the Building and Construction Industry Training Fund and Levy Collection Act 1990.

# **Responsible Minister**

The Hon. Lljianna Ravlich MLA, Minister for Education and Training.

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING FUND**

# **MISSION**

# "Assisting the Building and Construction Industry to have an adequate number of skilled people available"

# **KEY OBJECTIVES**

To improve the quality of training and to increase the number of skilled persons in the Building and Construction Industry by allocation of resources to the following:

- Support apprenticeships and other forms of entry level training.
- Raise the profile and awareness of the Building and Construction Industry as a multifaceted career opportunity, particularly focussing on young people, their parents and educators.
- Support training for those already qualified to work in the industry.
- Support training in occupational safety, health and technology.
- Support the recognition of prior learning
- Support innovations in training and research relating to levels of competency in and the training needs of the industry.

# **PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS**

- Record income of \$14.5million, an increase of 16.7% on 2003/04.
- Record expenditure of \$16.6 million an increase of 57% on 2003/04.
- Subsidies provided for employment of 3,929 apprentices, an increase of 39% on last year.
- Subsidies provided to 10,940 existing workers to upgrade their skills, an increase of 31%.
- Subsidies provided to 12,192 employees to undertake Occupational Health and Safety training, an increase of 58% on 2003/04.
- Scholarships provided for 113 pre-apprentice students.
- Safety training support and work experience support provided for 284 secondary students.
- Career information materials developed and 14,000 copies distributed to schools.
- School visitation program with industry volunteers talking to students and parents established.
- Research undertaken into attrition of workers and barriers to apprenticeships.
- Operating loss of \$2.1 million reducing surplus uncommitted funds to \$9.4 million.

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING FUND FUNCTIONS**

The Building and Construction Industry Training Fund (BCITF) has been in operation since 1991 and in that time has collected approximately \$119 million in revenue.

# Levy Collection

The levy through which funds are collected is 0.182% of the value of construction projects in Western Australia. This equates to approximately \$182 on a project valued at \$100,000.

The bulk of the training levy receipts are paid through Local Government Authorities following the issue of the building license with the remainder paid directly to the BCITF by builders.

Resources received from the industry levy come from all sectors of the industry, including the Housing, Commercial, Civil and Services areas. BCITF policies ensure that employers and workers from those sectors all have access to training support funds.

# **Distribution of Resources for Training**

Since 1991 the BCITF has distributed approximately \$96 million in training support. These resources have supported the employment and training of approximately 24,000 apprentices and trainees and 120,000 industry workers who undertook training programs to update their skills.

During the 2004/05 financial year the BCITF has provided training support for approximately 27,000 people or about 29% of the 93,000 people employed in the Building and Construction Industry in Western Australia.

# Apprenticeship and Traineeship Support

Apprentice and traineeship subsidies are provided to employers directly and hirers of apprentices through group training schemes.

Subsidies of up to \$14,500 are provided for apprentices and up to \$5,000 for trainees and are paid in instalments, or in the case of group training schemes, as a monthly payment which is passed on to the hirer in the form of a reduction in the hire out rate of the apprentice.

#### **Skills enhancement support**

The BCITF administers a training support program, which provides a subsidy of 80% of the course costs for workers in the industry who undertake short training programs to upgrade their existing skills.

There are over 500 different courses recognised for funding delivered by 50 private training providers, who must be accredited with the Training Accreditation Council.

In this way, the BCITF ensures that the Australian Training Quality Assurance processes apply to training undertaken by industry workers.

# **Other Support Programs**

The BCITF also provides subsidies for Occupational Safety and Health training and undertakes research and development projects. In addition, the BCITF has established a Career Promotion Program to promote career opportunities in the industry to school students, parents and educators.

# **Operating Framework**

The BCIT Board is responsible for establishing an annual operational plan. The operational plan sets the framework for the Board's support for training within the industry over a period of a financial year. Operational plans require approval by the Minister for Education and Training prior to implementation.

The operational plan for the 2005/06 financial year is summarised at page 16.

# **Primary Responsibilities of the BCIT Board**

The role of the Board is to:

- Establish the strategic and policy framework for the Fund.
- Establish an annual operational plan and implement the plan as approved by the Minister;
- Guide the operations of the BCITF to ensure efficient collection of the BCITF levy and cost effective management of funding programs.

# **REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN**

The 2004/05 year has been exciting and rewarding for both the Board and the BCITF. The Fund has achieved record results in both revenue collected and expenditure on operations. Strategic decisions implemented earlier by the Board have had a very positive impact resulting in a 60% increase in training support on that delivered in 2003/04.

# Growth in People Supported

It is pleasing to report significant growth in support of apprentice employment and training of industry employees.

During the year the Fund provided financial support to over 2,200 employers for a record 3,929 apprentices, which included 1,319 new first year apprentices. This represents a 39% increase in the last 12 months and a 70% increase in the last 2 years.

There has also been a dramatic increase in the number of workers supported to undertake skills upgrading and safety training, increasing from 16,119 last year to 23,132 an increase of 44%.

# School to Work Support

The Board believes that the establishment of a co-operative and sustained relationship with schools is the key to success in encouraging more young people to consider careers in the Building and Construction Industry.

A number of initiatives have been implemented including:

- Support for students in "School to Work" Transition Programs
- Scholarships for pre-apprentices who have completed building trades pre-vocational courses.
- Support for safety induction training of school students undertaking structured work place learning.

# **Career Promotion**

During the year the Fund launched a major new Career Promotion Program that involves distribution of high quality information materials to schools. This program includes an innovative system of school visits by industry volunteers, who are giving their time to talk to groups of school students, parents and teachers about the unlimited career opportunities in the Building and Construction Industry.

# **Research and Training Reform**

Other initiatives implemented by the Board include a Research Program that is identifying a range of important issues affecting skills development in the industry. Through this work, the Board has been able to provide timely and relevant advice to Government on issues of strategic importance in training.

BCITF research confirms that the Building and Construction Industry's workforce is ageing with 37% aged over 45. At the other end of the spectrum, the industry is critically under-

represented in young people with only 13% of its workforce aged between 18 and 28. This is compared to 28% in the male population generally.

The Board is convinced that there has to be significant reform in the apprenticeship system, if it is to remain an effective means of skills development for the Building and Construction Industry.

The Board is considering these issues and contributing to the debate.

# **Recognition of Contributions**

During the year Ms Anna Spadaccini and Mr Philip Warwick left the Board and I acknowledge their strong contribution during a period of significant change. My appreciation is extended to all Board members who have continued their enthusiastic and robust involvement in the strategic management of the Fund.

The strong direction and support provided by the Hon. Alan Carpenter and more recently the new Minister for Education and Training, the Honourable Ljiljanna Ravlich has been appreciated, as has the support provided by staff and officers of the Department of Education and Training.

The Board continues to rely heavily on the support of Industry and other stakeholders who work in partnership to ensure that BCITF programs meet our strategic objectives.

The various Industry Associations and employee unions have taken an active role in working with the BCITF and for the first time a Board meeting was held during the month of June, in the regional centre of Geraldton. Following the meeting, Board members participated in a forum with local industry representatives.

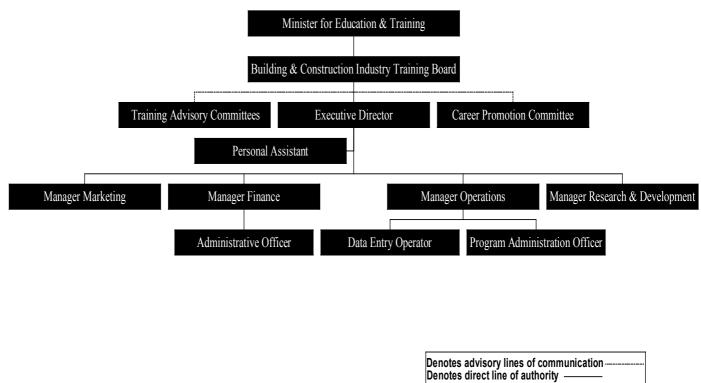
This event is a deliberate strategy on the part of the Board to work with all its stakeholders throughout the state and further meetings will be scheduled in the future in different regional centres.

During the year two additional Advisory Committees were established, which join the Career Promotion Committee in providing advice to the Board. Members of these committees are all volunteers and their time and commitment is greatly appreciated and acknowledged as an important part of the Funds success.

Finally, the work of the BCITF staff is acknowledged. The Board is appreciative of the expertise and strong commitment of all staff members who through their work during the year have achieved remarkable results.

<u>Ian C Hill</u> Chairman BCIT Board

# THE BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING FUND STRUCTURE at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2005



The Career Promotions Committee provides strategic input to implementation of the Career Promotion Program and advice to the Board. The Advisory Committees provide input to the Operational Plan, Research Projects and advice to the Board on training issues.

#### **Fund Staff**

# **Board Membership**

Executive Director, Ralph Dawson	During 2004/05 the Board met on nine	
Manager Operations, Russell Cooper	occasions and participated in a number of	
Manager Finance, Howard Hughes	other BCITF events.	
Manager Research & Development,	Scheduled meetings	9
Margo Keating	Board Membership at 30th June 2005	
Marketing Manager, Eamon Moore	Members Meetings a	ttended
Administration Officer, Jenny Le Caudey	Ian Hill (Chairman)	9
Personal Assistant, Samantha Jacobs	Ms Susan Bailey	7
Program Administration Officer,	Mr Kim Young	8
Andrew Kirei		
Levy Collection Clerk, Sonia Christos	Mr John Mitchell	9
Full time equivalent staff establishment (8)	Mr Colin Saunders	7
	Ms Anna Spadacinni (Resigned July 2004)	1
	Mr Phillip Warwick (Resigned July 2004)	1
	Mr Mark Spry	6
	Ms Ann-Marie McCann	7

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING FUND STRATEGIC ACHIEVEMENTS FOR 2004/05**

The programs administered by the BCITF respond to the key objectives and responsibilities prescribed in the Building and Construction Industry Training Fund and Levy Collection Act. However, they also contribute to a number of the Governments goals and strategic outcomes detailed in the "Better Planning Better Services" strategic planning framework for the Western Australian Public Sector.

The BCITF contribution is summarised as follows:

# <u>Goal 1</u>

TO DEVELOP A STRONG ECONOMY THAT DELIVERS MORE JOBS, MORE OPPORTUNITIES AND GREATER WEALTH TO WESTERN AUSTRALIANS BY CREATING THE CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR INVESTMENT AND GROWTH.

# **Strategic Outcomes**

- 1. New jobs and employment growth.
- 2. An environment that encourages education, skills and the development of creativity for competitive advantage.
- 3. An efficient labour market that utilises a fair but flexible system of employment.

The BCITF provides financial support to employers to employ and train apprentices and financial support for existing workers to undertake skills enhancement training, which contributes to these strategic outcomes.

The impact of this support is significant as it involves support to over 2,200 employers for employment of 3,929 apprentices and further support for 23,000 workers who are developing skills directly relevant to their employment.

The BCITF recently established a career promotion program providing information to students, parents and educators that is assisting students to make informed choices in their education and career options.

The program is also supporting schools to undertake school to work transition programs that better prepare students for careers in the Building and Construction Industry.

# <u>Goal 2</u>

TO ENSURE THAT REGIONAL WESTERN AUSTRALIA IS STRONG AND VIBRANT

#### Strategic Outcome

More skilled regional communities.

Approximately 31% of the BCITF's expenditure on support programs goes to people in regions.

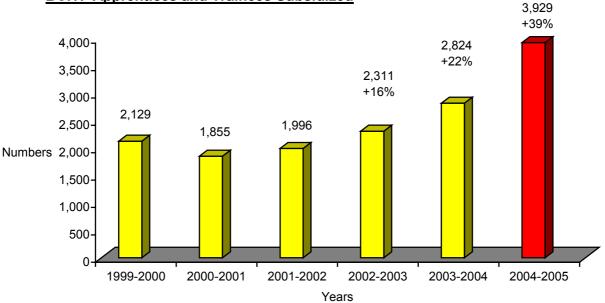
BCITF policies ensure that people in regions equitably share the resources available for skills development.

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING FUND PROGRAM – ACHIEVEMENTS IN 2004/05**

# 1. APPRENTICE AND TRAINEESHIP SUBSIDIES

The BCITF provides subsidies of up to \$14,500 to employers to assist in the employment and training of apprentices and trainees.

During the year the fund strongly marketed the availability of subsidies to industry and achieved a 39% increase in the number of apprentices for which subsidies were provided. The 3,929 apprentices for which support was provided represents a 70% increase on the number supported 2 years ago.



# **BCITF Apprentices and Trainees Subsidized**

Expenditure on apprentice subsidies is detailed as follows:

	Number	Expenditure \$ 000
Direct Indenture Apprentices	2,235	\$6,951
Group Training Apprentices	1,694	\$3,815
Pre-apprenticeships		\$123
Total Expenditure	3,929	\$10,889

Included in the above figures are bonus subsidies for 127 mature age apprentices valued at approximately \$400,000.

(In addition to the normal BCITF subsidy of \$9,000 for an apprentice, employers can claim between \$3,000 and \$5,000 for employment of a mature age apprentice).

# 2. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY SKILLS PROGRAM</u>

The BCITF provides a subsidy of 80% of the course costs for industry employees undertaking short training courses in order to enhance their work skills.

The Fund recognises 50 private training providers, who deliver over 500 different training courses, meeting the skill needs of the industry.

The program involves two types of training provision, namely "Construction Skills" and "Industry Skills".

"Construction" training is predominantly trade related such as dogging, rigging and scaffolding. "Industry" training is more para-professional and includes such things as supervisory skills, communication, tenders and project management.

Once again, the Fund has had a record year and provided financial support to 10,940 people, an increase of 30.5% on the number supported in 2003/04.

The number of people supported and expenditure is detailed as follows:

	2003/04		20	04/05	% Change	
	Number Expenditure N		Number	Expenditure	Number	Expenditure
Construction Skills	7,226	\$1.6m	9,251	\$2.5m		
Industry Skills	1,155	\$.4m	1,689	\$.6m		
	8,381	\$2.0m	10,940	\$3.1m	+ 31%	+ 55%

# 3. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM

The BCITF has traditionally provided a subsidy for safety training as part of its supplementary skills program, however has now established a separate support program to reflect the importance attributed to Occupational Safety and Health in the industry.

During the year the Fund has seen a dramatic growth in the number of people undertaking OS&H training courses. The implementation of new regulations by WorkSafe WA for tilt-up construction has seen a strong demand for training in this technology.

There has also been a significant increase in people undertaking safety awareness (induction) training. The number of people supported and OS&H Training expenditure is detailed below.

	2003/04	2004/05	% Change
People Supported	7,738	12,192	+ 58%
Expenditure	\$.6m	\$1.0	+ 73%

# 4. CAREER PROMOTION AND SCHOOL TO WORK TRANSITION PROGRAM

The BCITF marketing program implemented during the year aims to promote the Building and Construction Industry as a first choice career option and raise awareness within industry of the BCITF subsidies.

A comprehensive suite of materials about careers in building and construction - including an interactive website, a 10-minute promotional video and a 44 page booklet – was launched to industry and the education sector during the year. Over 14, 000 copies of the materials were distributed to schools throughout WA during 2004/05.

The materials are designed to appeal to young people and provide the community with a tool to assist in making an informed choice about career direction. The BCITF has received positive feedback from WA and stakeholders in other states about the quality of its information materials.

In forging an enduring relationship with the education sector, the Career Promotion program has involved other key strategies including:

• As part of the Schools Visitation Program the Big Mouth Ambassador Program provides students, parents and educators with an opportunity to listen to volunteer representatives who work in the Building and Construction Industry and who talk about their own individual career pathways.

Presentations have been made at 30 schools during the year.

• The School to Work Transition Program supports secondary students who complete Certificate 1 in General Construction and undertake work experience in the industry. Funding provided by the BCITF supports employment of a mentor and the purchase of safety equipment.

As part of the "School to Work" Transition Program the BCITF has provided the following support:

- Funded 113 pre-apprenticeship scholarships to pre-apprentice students at a cost of \$28,250.
- > Provided funding for work experience support for 74 students at a cost of \$31,650.
- Provided subsidies for OS&H Safety awareness training for 210 students at a cost of \$12,810.

The Technology and Enterprise teacher industry placement scheme provides Technology and Enterprise teachers with up to five days of work experience in an industry setting, augmented by time with TAFE observing the skills learned by new apprentices.

A long-term media campaign to promote careers in building and construction commenced in May 2005 covering television, press and radio. The campaign directs people to the www.nolimits.com.au website, as the central point for obtaining further information about the industry. A total of 426 radio, television and press advertisements have been initiated during the year.

The marketing campaign had a strong response with over 2,000 visits to the "No Limits" website following its launch in May 2005. In the last 12 months the No Limits website has had over 6,300 visits.

# 5. <u>RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM</u>

The Research and Development Program supports the BCIT Board in its decision making and distribution of BCITF funding. Three components of the program involve the assessment of industry needs, the review of current BCITF programs and to maximise industry input to BCIT Board deliberations.

During the year research has been undertaken in the following areas:

- Attraction and retention of apprentices
- Training for para-professional occupations
- Enhancing the role of women in construction
- Barriers to employment of apprentices

Two Industry Advisory Committees have been established. These committees involve representatives from the civil, services, off-site, housing and commercial sectors of the industry. Their role is to provide input to research programs, identify training issues and provide advice to the BCIT Board.

# 6. INDUSTRY INITIATIVES PROGRAM

During the year the BCITF provided financial support for 5 research and development projects at a total cost of \$107,754. These projects are detailed as follows:

# INDUSTRY INITIATIVES COMMITTED FUNDING 2004/2005PROJECTSFUNDINGPAIDDUE

	APPROVED	2004/2005	2005/2006
BCITC - Fast Track Roof Plumbers	26,862	8,954	17,908
CCF Trenchless Training Package Leighton Kumagai Joint Venture- Mentor, Assessment and School Visitation	86,345	30,000	56,345
Projects	81,000	54,000	27,000
BCITC - Recognition of Prior Learning	22,200	14,800	7,400
Total	\$216,407	\$107,754	108,653

The Civil Construction safety awareness course funded by the BCITF in 2003/04 was a particularly good example of a beneficial project for industry, as WorkSafe WA has requested access to the materials to assist in development of a new Safety Awareness Training Program for the whole of the Building and Construction Industry.

# OPERATIONAL PLAN (1 JULY 2005 TO 30 JUNE 2006)

The Minister for Education and Training approved the following operational plan in June 2005.

# **INCOME**

Levy Receipts (net) Interest Income	11,300,000 700,000
Total Income	12,000,000
TRAINING EXPENDITURE	
Group Training Schemes Direct Indenture Pre-Apprentice Support <b>Program Total</b>	3,900,000 2,300,000 100,000 6,300,000
SUPPLEMENTARY SKILL PROGRAMS	
Construction Skills Industry Skills <b>Program Total</b>	2,200,000 700,000 2,900,000
Safety & Health Program Career Promotion School to Work Transition Research & Development	1,100,000 850,000 145,000
Industry Support Programs	150,000
Administration	830,000
<b>TOTAL PROGRAM EXPENDITURE</b> Draw on reserves	12,275,000 (275,000)
Capital Expenditure Budget	25,000

# 2005-2009 FINANCIAL PLAN

The BCIT Board has established a longer term operational and financial plan for the period until June 2009 which is summarised as follows:

Revenue	\$48,000,000
Expenditure	
Apprentice/Trainee Programs	\$30.8m
Supplementary Skills	\$12.0m
Safety and Health	\$4.5m
Career Promotion and School to Work Transition	\$3.2m
Research and Development	\$.5m
Industry Projects	\$.6m
Administration	\$3.5m
Total Expenditure	\$55.1m
Profit/ (loss) on operations	(\$7.1m)

Current uncommitted reserves of \$10 million will reduce to \$3 million over this period.



#### **Certification of Performance Indicators**

We hereby certify that the Performance Indicators are based on proper records, are relevant and appropriate for assisting users to assess the Board's performance and fairly represent the performance of the Building and Construction Industry Training Board for the year ending 30 June 2005. Proper records exist to validate the performance outcomes.

Y

Ian C Hill Chairman BCIT Board

John Mitchell BCIT Board Member

Dated: 22 nd day of August 2005



# **INDEPENDENT AUDIT OPINION**

To the Parliament of Western Australia

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2005**

#### **Audit Opinion**

In my opinion, the key effectiveness and efficiency performance indicators of the Building and Construction Industry Training Board are relevant and appropriate to help users assess the Board's performance and fairly represent the indicated performance for the year ended 30 June 2005.

#### Scope

#### The Board's Role

The Board is responsible for developing and maintaining proper records and systems for preparing performance indicators.

The performance indicators consist of key indicators of effectiveness and efficiency.

#### Summary of my Role

As required by the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985, I have independently audited the performance indicators to express an opinion on them. This was done by looking at a sample of the evidence.

An audit does not guarantee that every amount and disclosure in the performance indicators is error free, nor does it examine all evidence and every transaction. However, my audit procedures should identify errors or omissions significant enough to adversely affect the decisions of users of the performance indicators.

D D R PEARSON AUDITOR GENERAL 14 October 2005

# **PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

The Building and Construction Industry Training Board's (BCITB's) statements relating to mission, objectives and performance indicators for the 2004/05 year are summarised in this section.

Levy collection and program funding outcomes for the year have resulted in continuing improvement in performance since 1996/97 which was the first year the Board operated with performance measures.

1								
<b>BCITF Mission</b>								
For the 2004/05	financial	year, the	BCITB	operated	under	the	following	Mission
Statement :		-		-			· ·	

#### Assisting the Building and Construction industry to have an adequate number of skilled people available.

# 2

The Building & Construction Industry Training Fund and Levy Collection Act 1990 - Outcomes

• To support an increase in the number of skilled persons in the building and construction industry.

# 3

# **Objectives of the Building & Construction Industry Training Board**

- To support the building & construction industry to employ skilled people, having regard to the fluctuations in demand occurring as a result of the business cycle.
- To support the building & construction industry to employ skilled people arising from increasing demand due to population and economic growth.
- To support the building & construction industry in to employ skilled people arising from normal inflows and outflows of labour.
- To support an increase in the level of skills in the industry, including entry level occupations, occupational support and increase in health and safety and new technology.

4

# Performance Outcome - To increase the number of skilled persons

**Note**: To support an increase in the number of skilled persons in the industry identified as apprentices, trades persons, para-professional and construction workers. Increasing skills means increasing the number of skilled people employed and increasing the skill levels of those individuals.

# **Effectiveness Indicators**

- A1. The relative number of apprentices trained in the current year compared to the level of apprentices in the year prior to the commencement of the scheme (1990).
- A2. The number of BCITB supported apprentices gaining trade certificate status per year relative to the number of West Australian's employed in the construction industry.

# **Efficiency Indicators**

- B1. The average cost per person to support the training of trades apprentices and trainees during the year.
- B2. The average cost to support the training of other non-trade related person during the year.

	2004/05	2003/04	2002/03	2001/02
Effectiveness Indicators				
A1. Relative no. of apprentices trained for the year Vs no. prior	2.49	1.79	1.46	1.28
to Scheme commencement.				
A2. No. of apprentices qualifying per one thousand West	9.4	10.6	9.5	11.0
Australian workers employed in the building and				
Construction industry				
Efficiency Indicators				
B1. The administration cost per person of support for training	\$148	\$179	\$170	\$301
trade apprentices during the year.				
B2. The administration cost of support for training persons in	\$8.90	\$13.39	\$7.99	\$12.53
non-trade related skills.				

#### **PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

A1 In the year prior to the commencement of the BCITB (1989/1990) 1580 apprentices were in training compared with 3,929 in 2004/05. This ratio shows an improvement or deterioration in the number of apprentices in training during the year.

In 2004/05 there has been a 149% increase in the number of apprentices supported from that achieved in 1989/90. There was a 39% increase in the number supported since 2003/04.

- A2 This ratio indicates that apprenticeship completions were 9.4 apprentices per one thousand persons employed in the Western Australian building and construction industry. This represents a decrease on 2003/04 however there were 88 more apprentice completions than the previous year. The statistical reduction in ratio occurred because of a dramatic increase in the size of the workforce from 80,000 to 100,000 people.
- B1 This indicator measures the administration costs of training support for a total of 3,929 apprentices during the year.
- B2 This indicator measures the administration costs of training support for 23,132 persons in non-trade related training courses during the year. The cost fell by \$4.49 per person, which arose due to a 58% increase in participating trainees and economies of scale in administration of the Fund.

# STATUTORY AND OBLIGATORY REPORTING

# Compliance with Public Sector Management Act Section 31 (1)

The BCIT Board has complied with the Public Sector Standards in Human Resource Management and ensured that processes and procedures are in place to monitor compliance.

Processes include recording and assessment of information from performance management, exit interviews and staff information sessions.

During the year three staff members were appointed to positions following formal selection processes. No breach claims were lodged in respect to the appointments. No other complaints have been raised in respect to Public Sector Standards in Human Resource Management.

The BCIT Board has complied with the established code of ethics and code of conduct and ensured that processes are in place to monitor compliance.

Processes include recording and assessment of information from customer complaints and feedback.

The applications made for breach of standards review and the corresponding outcomes for the reporting period are:

Number lodgedNilNumber of breaches found including details of multiple breaches per applicationNilNumber still under reviewNil

Signed on behalf of the Board

<u>Ian C Hill</u> Chairman

# **Staff Profile**

	2004/05	2003/04
Full time permanent FTE	4	4
Full time contract FTE	3	1
Part time contract	1	2
Total FTE	8	7

# **Staff Development**

During the year a personal development plan was put in place for each staff member. The Fund expended \$3,360 on staff development, an increase of \$2,260 or 200% on staff training in the previous year.

#### **Workers compensation**

No workers compensation claims were lodged during the year and no incidents or injuries were reported.

#### **Freedom of Information**

The BCITF has published and maintained information statements in the form of hard copy pamphlets and information on its <u>www.bcitf.org</u> website enabling people to access information about programs, policies and procedures.

Procedures are in place to respond to applications under the Freedom of Information Act.

No applications for information were received under the Freedom of Information Act during the year in review.

#### **Record Keeping Plans**

A record keeping plan was developed for submission to the State Records Commission to assist in meeting the compliance requirements of the State Records Act 2000.

Staff training in records management was undertaken and included briefings for Executive and staff on the compliance requirements of the State Records Act 2000.

Induction training for all new staff on their obligations under the State Records Act 2000 and the operation of records management within the BCITF has been undertaken.

# Advertising and Sponsorship

## The Electoral Act 1907 – Section 175ZE

In accordance with section 175ZE of the Electoral Act 1907, the Fund incurred the following expenditure in advertising, market research, polling, direct mail and media advertising:

- 1. Total expenditure for 2004/05 was \$442,717
- 2. Expenditure was incurred in the following areas:

Advertising agencies Market research organisations Polling organisations Direct mail organisations Media advertising organisations	\$3,691 \$36,650 Nil Nil \$402,376	Crowther Blayne Strahan Research Nil Nil Adcorp Curiosity Company Media Decisions	\$3,691 \$36,650 Nil Nil \$47,500 \$53,811 \$205,598
		Vinton Browning	\$95,467

#### **Risk Management**

The Fund has established and maintained a Risk Management Plan covering all operations. This plan was developed in consultation with Risk Cover.

#### **Ministerial Directives**

The Building and Construction Industry Training Fund and Levy Collection Act provides for the Minister for Education and Training to approve the BCITF operational plan for the forthcoming year.

The Minister approved the 2004/05 operational plan in June 2004 and no further Ministerial directives were issued.

#### **Equal Employment Opportunity**

The BCITF has had its current EEO Management Plan in place since December 2003. During the year in review, workplace culture and workplace practices were monitored to ensure compliance with EEO objectives.

During the year new performance management and staff development processes were implemented in consultation with staff to facilitate personal development of staff. The BCITF employs a small team of nine staff members in a diverse range of occupations. Four staff members are women, two staff members are part-time and of five management positions, one is occupied by a woman.

# **Changes in Written Law**

There were no changes in any written law that affected the Building and Construction Industry Training Board during the financial year. **Corruption Prevention** 

During the year the BCITF in consultation with Risk Cover undertook a risk assessment and developed a risk management plan.

The assessment and plan took into account risks associated with corruption and misconduct.

The BCITF already has in place policies and processes relating to information management, financial management and Human Resource Management that are designed to minimize corruption and misconduct of officers.

The Human Resource Manual has been expanded to include Corruption and Crime Commission of WA notification guidelines.

#### **Public Interest Disclosures**

The manager of operations of the BCITF has been nominated as the person responsible for receiving disclosures and a register for disclosures has been established.

All staff have been provided with the Public Sector disclosure Act 2003 Code of Conduct and Integrity and with office of Public Sector Standards guidelines on internal procedures. All staff have been briefed on the protection the legislation affords them.

There have been no public interest disclosures during the year in review.

#### **Contracts with Senior Officers**

At the date of reporting other than normal contracts of employment of service, no Board Members or Senior officers, or firms of which Members or Senior Officers are members, or entities in which Members or Senior Officers have substantial interests had any interests in existing or proposed contracts with the Building and Construction Industry Training Board and Members or Senior Officers.

#### **Publications**

The following publications produced by the Building and Construction Industry Training Board are available on request:

- Annual report
- Websites www.bcitf.org and <u>www.nolimits.com.au</u>

Various information phamplets, booklets and video material.

# **STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LEGISLATION**

#### **ENABLING LEGISLATION**

The Administration of the Building and Construction Industry Training Fund is controlled by the Building and Construction Industry Training Board, both of which have been established under the 'Building and Construction Industry Training Fund and Levy Collection Act of 1990'.

#### **LEGISLATION ADMINISTERED**

Apart from the Act, the Board administers the 'Building and Construction Industry Training Fund and Levy Collection Regulations of 1991'.

#### LEGISLATION IMPACTING ON FUND ACTIVITIES

In the performance of its functions, the BCIT Board complies with the following relevant written laws.

Anti Corruption Act 1988. Building and Construction Industry Training Fund Levy Collection Act 1990. Commercial Arbitration Act 1984. Copyright Act 1968. Electoral Act 1907 Equal Opportunity Act 1994. Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985. Freedom of Information Act 1992. Fringe Benefits Tax Act 1986. Industrial Relations Act 1979 (Employment Act). Library Board of Western Australia Act 1951-1983 Local Government Act 1960. Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare Act 1984. Public and Bank Holidays Act 1972. Public Sector Management Act 1994. A New Tax System (Goods & Services Tax) Act 1999. Statutory Corporations (Liability of Directors) Act 1996. Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992. Vocational Education and Training Act 1996. Workers Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 1981. Work Place Agreement Act 1993.

# **Financial Results**

Levy revenue was once again at record levels increasing by 17% to \$13.8 million.

The anticipated downturn in building activity did not eventuate with all industry sectors, including Housing, Commercial and Engineering continuing strong growth throughout the year.

Training support expenditure increased by 60% and totalled \$15.8 million. The vast majority of this was expended on apprentice employment subsidies and subsidies for training to enhance the skills of existing workers in the industry.

Project expenditure increased by 130% to \$839,000 as a result of the implementation of a new career promotion program and expansion of research projects.

Administration expenses increased by 12% to \$806,000. The increase reflected the cost of additional staff and expenses required to process the 60% increase in training support provided during the year.

Cash invested at the end of the year reduced by \$2 million. This reduction in surplus funds was achieved despite the continued growth in revenue. The Fund had planned to increase expenditure on training support programs and to reduce surplus funds during the year. The operating loss of \$2 million was therefore a positive result.

Ralph Dawson Principal Accounting Officer



# AUDITOR GENERAL

## **INDEPENDENT AUDIT OPINION**

#### To the Parliament of Western Australia

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2005**

# **Audit Opinion**

In my opinion,

- (i) the controls exercised by the Building and Construction Industry Training Board provide reasonable assurance that the receipt, expenditure and investment of moneys, the acquisition and disposal of property, and the incurring of liabilities have been in accordance with legislative provisions; and
- (ii) the financial statements are based on proper accounts and present fairly in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia and the Treasurer's Instructions, the financial position of the Board at 30 June 2005 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Scope

#### The Board's Role

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounts and maintaining adequate systems of internal control, preparing the financial statements, and complying with the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 (the Act) and other relevant written law.

The financial statements consist of the Statement of Financial Performance, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows and the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### Summary of my Role

As required by the Act, I have independently audited the accounts and financial statements to express an opinion on the controls and financial statements. This was done by looking at a sample of the evidence.

An audit does not guarantee that every amount and disclosure in the financial statements is error free. The term "reasonable assurance" recognises that an audit does not examine all evidence and every transaction. However, my audit procedures should identify errors or omissions significant enough to adversely affect the decisions of users of the financial statements.

D D R PEARSON AUDITOR GENERAL 14 October 2005



#### STATEMENT OF CERTIFICATION

The accompanying financial statements of the Building and Construction Industry Training Board have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the Financial Administration and Audit Act 1985 from proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial transactions for the period ending June 30, 2005 and the financial position as at June 30, 2005.

At the date of signing we are not aware of any circumstances which would render the particulars included in the financial statements misleading or inaccurate.

Ralph Dawson Principal Accounting Officer

Ian *Q*Hill For the BCIT Board

John Mitchell For the BCIT Board

8/05

Date

Date

4 743 175

# BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD (BCITB)

**Statement of Financial Performance** 

for the year ended 30 June 2005

	Note	2004/2005 (\$'000)	2003/2004 (\$'000)
REVENUE			
Revenue from ordinary activities			
Revenue from operating activities			
Levy receipts – gross	10	13,852	11,837
Revenue from non-operating activities			
Interest revenue	2	751	665
Proceeds from the disposal of non current assets	11	-	22
Total revenue from ordinary activities		14,603	12,524
EXPENSES			
Expenses from ordinary activities			
Employee expenses	3	470	410
Supplies and services	4	251	213
Depreciation expense	5	16	4
Accommodation expenses	6	55	53
Grants and subsidies - BCITF programs	8	839	354
Grants and subsidies - training expenditure	12	14,941	9,477
Carrying amount of non current assets disposed of	11	-	14
Other expenses from ordinary activities	7	14	24
Levy collection fees	9	105	99
Total expenses from ordinary activities		16,691	10,648
NET PROFIT / (LOSS)		(2,088)	1,876
Total changes in equity other than those resulting from transactions with WA State Government as owners		(2,088)	1,876

The Statement of Financial Performance should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD** Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2005

	Note	2004/2005 (\$'000)	2003/2004 (\$'000)
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash assets	13	478	379
Receivables	14	229	279
Other financial assets	15	10,967	13,221
Other assets	16	1,411	1,177
Total Current Assets		13,085	15,056
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Office equipment and vehicles	17	34	16
Total Non-Current Assets		34	16
TOTAL ASSETS		13,119	15,072
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables	18	12	13
Provisions	19	68	42
Other liabilities	20	848	727
Total Current Liabilities		928	782
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions	19	16	27
Total Non-Current Liabilities		16	27
TOTAL LIABILITIES		944	809
Net assets		12,175	14,263
EQUITY			
Retained profits	21	12,175	14,263
TOTAL EQUITY		12,175	14,263

The Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD**

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

for the year ended 30 June 2005

	Note	<b>2004/2005</b> ( <b>\$'000</b> ) Inflows (Outflows)	<b>2003/2004</b> ( <b>\$'000</b> ) Inflows (Outflows)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Levies from project owners Interest received GST receipts from taxation authority		13,525 775 1,598 15,898	11,727 554 828 13,109
Payments Employee costs Supplies and services Accommodation Program expenditure Training expenditure GST payments on purchases Other payments		(454) (235) (56) (861) (14,811) (1,582) (20) (18,019)	(368) (219) (52) (329) (9,223) (982) (21) (11,194)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	22	(2,121)	1,915
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of non current physical assets Proceeds from the sale of non current physical assets Net cash used in investing activities <b>Net increase / (decrease) in cash held</b>		(34) (34) (2,155)	(13) 22 9 1,924
Cash assets at the beginning of the financial year Cash assets at the end of the financial year	22	<u>13,600</u> 11,445	<u>11,676</u> 13,600

The Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### **BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD Notes to the Financial Statements** 30 June 2005

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation of the financial statements. Unless otherwise stated these policies are consistent with those adopted in the previous year.

#### General Statement

The financial statements constitute a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards, Statements of Accounting Concepts and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and Urgent Issues Group (UIG) Consensus Views as applied by the Treasurers Instructions. Several of these are modified by the Treasurer's Instructions to vary application, disclosure, format and wording. The Financial Administration and Audit Act and the Treasurer's Instructions are legislative provisions governing the preparation of financial statements and take precedence over Accounting Standards, Statements of Accounting Concepts and other and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and UIG Consensus Views. The modifications are intended to fulfil the requirements of general application to the public sector, together with the need for greater disclosure and also to satisfy accountability requirements.

If any such modification has a material or significant financial effect upon the reported results, details of that modification and where practicable, the resulting financial effects are disclosed in individual notes to these financial statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using historical cost convention, except for certain assets and liabilities which, as noted, are measured as fair value.

#### (a) Acquisitions of assets

The cost method of accounting is used for all acquisitions of assets. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given up or liabilities undertaken at the date of acquisition plus incidental costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Assets acquired at no cost or nominal consideration are initially recognised at their fair value at the date of acquisition.

Assets costing less than \$1,000 are expensed in the year of acquisition (other than where they form part of a group of similar items, which are significant in total)

#### (b) Depreciation of non-current assets

All non current assets having a limited useful life are systematically depreciated over their useful lives in a manner which reflects the consumption of their future economic benefits.

Depreciation is provided for on the straight line method, using rates which are reviewed annually. Useful lives for each class of depreciable assets are:

Office furniture and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years

#### (c) Employee benefits

#### (1) Annual leave

This benefit is recognised at the reporting date in respect of employees' services up to that date and is measured at the nominal amounts expected to be paid when liabilities are settled.

#### (2) Long service leave

The liability for long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date is recognised in the provisions for employee benefits and is measured at the nominal amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. The liability for long service leave expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date is recognised in the provisions for employee benefits and is measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given, when assessing expected future payments, to expected future salary levels including relevant on-costs, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### (3) Superannuation

The Board complies with Commonwealth legislation by making contributions according to individual requirements. Contributions are paid to selected superannuation funds complying with the Commonwealth Government's Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992.

#### (4) Employee benefit on-costs

Employee benefit on-costs are recognised and included in employee benefits liabilities and costs when the employee benefits to which they relate are recognised as liabilities and expenses. See note 3.

#### (5) Accrued salaries

Accrued salaries (refer note 20) represent the amount due to staff but unpaid at the end of the financial year, as the end of the last pay period for that financial year does not coincide with the end of the financial year. The Board considers the carrying amount approximates net fair value.

#### (d) Revenue

The principal revenue is levy collection based on the value of that construction work in accordance with Section 21 of the Building and Construction Industry Training Fund and Levy Collection Act of 1990. Revenue is recognised on receipt from project owners and in respect of collection agents, when the levy is received by an agent. Estimates of funds held by agents at the end of the reporting period is recognised as income for the period. Levy receipts are shown net of refunds: 2005: \$ 389,718 (2004:\$321,884).

Interest is recognised as accrued.

(e) Cash

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash assets and restricted cash assets net of outstanding bank overdrafts. These include short term deposits that are readily convertible to cash on hand and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(f) Receivables

Receivables are recognised at the amounts receivable as they are due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off.

#### (g) Payables

Payables, including accruals not yet billed, are recognised when the Board becomes obliged to make future payments as a result of a purchase of assets or services. Payables are generally settled within 30 days.

(h) Income Tax

The BCITB has been exempted from Income Tax under the provisions of section 23(d) of the Income Tax Assessment Act.

(i) Leased Assets

The Board has entered into various operating lease agreements for the rent of the office building and motor vehicles where the lessor effectively retains all of the risks and benefits incident to ownership of the items held under the operating lease. Equal instalments of the lease payments are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance over the lease term as this is representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased property.

(j) Comparative Information

Where necessary, comparative information has been reclassified to achieve consistency in disclosure with current financial year amounts and disclosures.

(k) Rounding of amounts

Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

# BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2005

2		(\$'000)	(\$'000)
	Interest revenue	(\$ 000)	(0 000)
	Interest earned on bank current accounts plus investments		
	by way of term deposits and bank accepted bills.	751	665
3	Employee expenses		
	Salaries and accrued salaries	321	268
	Other employee costs (1)	105	90
	Superannuation	29	23
	Change in annual leave benefits	14	11
	Change in long service leave benefits	1	18
(1)	These smallesses are encoded in the superson states a second test second and	470	410
(1)	These employee expenses include superannuation, payroll tax, worker's		
	compensation premiums and other employment on-costs associated with the recognition of annual and long service leave liability. The related		
	on-costs liability is included in employee benefit liabilities at note 19.		
	on-costs natinty is included in employee benefit natinties at note 17.		
4	Supplies and services		
	Bank charges	4	3
	Communications costs	28	18
	Consumables	36	25
	Accounting & audit fees Board costs	29	25
		116 21	110 19
	Insurance & legal fees Other supplies & services	21 17	19
	Other suppries & services	251	213
5	Depreciation expense		
	Office equipment & vehicles	16	4
		16	4
6	Accommodation expense		
U	Rent, outgoings & cleaning	55	53
7	Other expenses		
	Travel costs	14	24
8	BCITF - Programs		_
	Career promotion	538	75
	Structured work place learning	32	5
	Industry projects	122	137
	Research & development	124	114
	Advertising	7	20
	Competency assessment	3	3
	Green card safety training	<u>13</u> 839	354
		057	554
9	Revenue collection costs		

# BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2005

		2004/2005 (\$'000)	2003/2004 (\$'000)
10	Levy receipts		
	Levy receipts gross	13,852	11,837
	Gross levy receipts by sector		
	Housing	8,072	6,906
	Commercial	2,955	2,533
	Engineering construction	2,825	2,398
		13,852	11,837
11	Net gain on disposal of non current assets		
	Proceeds from the disposal of non current assets	-	22
	Carrying amount of non current assets disposed of		14
	Net profit on disposal of non current assets		8
12	Training expenditure Sector :		
	Housing	7,808	5,077
	Commercial	6,002	3,549
	Engineering construction	1,131	851
		14,941	9,477
10			
13	Cash assets Bank accounts	444	359
	Funds on deposit	444 34	339 20
	see note 29 for terms conditions and disclosures	478	379
	see note 29 for terms conditions and disclosures		
14	Receivables	2	26
	Trade debtors GST receivable	2 227	36
	OST receivable	227	243 279
15	Other Financial Assets		
	Term Deposits	10,967	13,221
	see note 29 for terms conditions and disclosures		
16	Other assets		
	Accrued levy income	1,320	1,064
	Interest receivable	89	113
	Prepayments	2	-
		1,411	1,177

2004/2005	2003/2004
(\$'000)	(\$'000)

#### 17 Office equipment and vehicles

	Office equipment		Vehicles		Total Non Current Assets	
	2004/05	2003/04	2004/05	2003/04	2004/05	2003/04
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Opening Cost	119	114	-	27	119	141
Additions	34	13	-	-	34	13
Disposals	(12)	(8)	-	(27)	(12)	(35)
Closing Cost	141	119	-	-	141	119
Opening Accum Depn	(103)	(106)	-	(14)	(103)	(120)
Depn Charge	(16)	(4)	-	-	(16)	(4)
Depn Write Back	12	7	-	14	12	21
Closing Accum. Depn	(107)	(103)	-	-	(107)	(103)
Carrying amount at	34	16	-	-	34	16
end of year						

12	13
	12

#### 19 Provisions

Employee Benefits		
Current		
Annual leave	36	22
Long service leave	32	20
C C	68	42
Non current		
Long service leave	16	27
-	84	69

(1) The settlement of annual and long service leave liabilities gives rise to the payment of employment on-costs including superannuation and worker's compensation premiums. The liability for such on-costs is included here. The associated expense is included under Other related expenses (under employee expenses) at note 3.
The DOLTD considered the expension of the exp

The BCITB considers the carrying amount of employee benefits approximates the net fair value.

#### 20 Other liabilities

Accrued training expenses	804	696
Accrued salaries	7	4
Accrued expenses	37	27
	848	727
21 Retained Profits		
Opening balance	14,263	12,387
Net profit (loss)	(2,088)	1,876
Closing balance	12,175	14,263

#### BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY TRAINING BOARD Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2005

2 Notes to the statement of cash flows		2004/2005 (\$'000)	2003/2004 (\$'000)
(a) Reconciliation of cash			
Cash at the end of the financial year as show reconciled to the related items in the statem			
reconciled to the related items in the statem	ent of financial position as fono	w 5.	
Cash assets		478	35
Other financial assets- term deposits		<u>10,967</u> 11,445	13,24
(h) Deconciliation of not cost of complete to	and flow marided by/(word in		
(b) Reconciliation of net cost of services to operating activities	cash nows provided by/(used in	1)	
Profit/ (loss) from ordinary activities		(2,088)	1,876
Non cash items:			
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets:		16	(4
Accounts receivable		50	(188
Accrued income		(232)	(88
Prepayments		(2)	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities			
Accounts payable		(1)	11
Accrued expenditure		121	279
Employee benefits		15	29
Net GST receipts/ (payments) Change in GST receivables/payables		16 (16)	(154 154
Change in UST receivables/payables		(10)	134
Net cash provided by /(used in) operating a	ctivities	(2,121)	1,915
<b>Remuneration of Accountable Authority</b>	and Senior Officers		
The BCITB (Accountable Authority) resolv	ved that members would be		
entitled to receive fees for their services. To			
for the members are		112	98
The number of members of the Accountable superannuation and other benefits received financial year, falls within the following ba	or due and receivable for the		
	2004/2005 2003/2004		
\$10,000 - \$20,000	6 6		
\$20,000 - \$30,000	- 1		
\$30,000 - \$40,001	1 -		
The superannuation included here represent	a the superannuation expanse		
The superannuation included here represent incurred by the Board in respect of member			
The total fees, salaries, superannuation and	-		
and receivable for the financial year by Sen			
members of the accountable authority.			
5		117	104

115

106

#### 23 Remuneration of Accountable Authority and Senior Officers (cont'd)

The number of senior officers other than members of the Accountable Authority, whose total of fees, salaries and other benefits received or due and receivable for the financial year, falls within the following bands :

	2004/2005	2003/2004
\$90,000 - \$100,000	-	1
\$100,000 - \$110,000	-	-
\$110,000 - \$120,000	1	-

The superannuation included here represents the superannuation expense incurred by the Board in respect of senior officers other than senior officers reported as members of the Accountable Authority.

	2004/2005 (\$'000)	2003/2004 (\$'000)
24 <b>Remuneration of Auditor</b> The total of fees paid or due and payable for the external audit for the financial year is as follows :		
Fees to the Office of the Auditor General for the external audit.	19	17

#### 25 Explanatory statement

(a) Comparison of actual results with those of the preceding year

Details and reasons for significant variations between actual revenue and expenditure and the corresponding item of the preceding year are detailed below. Significant variations are considered to be those greater than 10% and \$10,000.

	2004/2005 <u>Actual</u> \$'000	2003/2004 <u>Actual</u> \$'000	<u>Variation</u> \$'000	note
REVENUE				
Levy receipts - gross	13,852	11,837	2,015	(1)
Interest	751	665	86	(2)
Proceeds on disposal of non current assets		22	8	
	14,603	12,524	2,109	
EXPENDITURE				
Employee expenses	470	410	(60)	(3)
Administration	166	154	(12)	(4)
Accommodation Expense	55	53	(2)	
Supplies & Services	85	73	(12)	(4)
Depreciation	16	4	(12)	
Other expenses	14	24	10	
BCITF - programs	839	354	(485)	(5)
Training expenditure	14,941	9,477	(5,464)	(5)
Levy collection fees	105	99	(6)	
-	16,691	10,648	(6,043)	

#### 25 Explanatory statement (cont'd)

(1) Industry and economic analyst predictions of a fall in building and construction industry activity in 2004/05 did not eventuate and the booming activity in the industry continued throughout the full year. Levy receipts were as a result 17% higher than 2003/04 with continued growth in the housing, commercial and engineering sectors of the industry.

(2) Income from interest bearing deposits was \$751,000 or 13% higher than the previous year and resulted from higher levy receipts during the year.

(3) Employee expenses were \$60,000 or 15% higher than 2003/04 and due to planned salary increases plus additional staff to support the 57% growth in operations.

(4) Administration expenses increased by \$12,000 or 8%. Supplies and Services increased by \$26,000 or 44%. In both cases increased costs resulted from the 57% growth in Board operations.

(5) Total expenditure of \$16.5 million was \$6.05 million or 57% higher than 2003/04 and reflected Board efforts to increase support for training programs. \$5.5 million of the increase was expended on key priorities of apprentice employment subsidies and skills enhancement support.

Net cash reserves decreased by \$2.09 million during the period consistent with a key priority of the Board to reduce uncommitted surplus funds.

The significant increase in expenditure on BCITF programs and training support achieved positive outcomes including:

Subsidies provided for 3,929 apprentices an increase of 39% Subsidies provided to 10,940 existing workers to upgrade their skills an increase of 31%. Subsidies provided to 12,192 employees to undertake OS&H training an increase of 58%.

#### (b) Comparison of Estimates and Actual Results

Section 42 of the Financial Administration and Audit Act requires statutory authorities to prepare annual budget estimates. Treasurer's Instruction 945 requires an explanation of significant variations between these estimates and actual results. Significant variations are considered to be those greater than 10% of budget and \$10,000.

The budget figures contained in this Note to the Financial Statements were drawn from the Operational Plan endorsed by the Minister for Education and Training during the course of the year to 30 June 2005.

	<u>Budget</u> \$'000 2004/2005	<u>Actual</u> \$'000 2004/2005	<u>Variation</u> \$'000	
REVENUE Levy receipts - Net Interest	10,012 665	13,747 751	3,735 86	note 1 2
EXPENDITURE Employee costs Training Expenditure	426 9,888	470 14,941	(44) (5,053)	3 4

1. All sectors including housing, commercial and engineering out performed Industry and economic analysis predictions. Levy collections were as a result 37% above the budget.

2. Interest income from Board reserves was 13% higher than budgeted because of the impact of the higher than anticipated revenue.

3. Employee costs were 10% higher than budget as additional temporary staff were required to support the 57% increase in Fund operations.

4. Training expenditure was \$5 million or 50% higher than budget. The 2004/05 operational plan targeted an operating loss of approximately \$1 million but a key priority of the Fund was to reduce the reserve of uncommitted funds further.

As the year progressed it was obvious from levy receipts that income would be higher than budgeted and as a result an aggressive marketing and subsidy promotion strategy was implemented to increase training support in the industry.

The strategy proved very successful resulting in a dramatic increase in expenditure and the resultant operating loss of \$2 million.

#### 26 Lease commitments

Commitments in relation to leases contracted for the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, are payable as follows:	2004/2005 (\$'000)	2003/2004 (\$'000)	
within 1 year	44	44	
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	40	84	
	84	128	
Representing:			
Non-cancellable operating leases	84	128	

The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a five year term, with rent payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within the lease agreement require the minimum lease payments to be reviewed at eighteeen month intervals and are subject to increase at a rate equivalent to the CPI. The current lease expires in June 2007 and contains an option to extend for a further period of two years to June 2009

The Board has entered into non-cancellable operating leases for two motor vehicles with State Fleet. Board policy is to replace vehicles on the expiry of the lease, the latest of which matures in 2007.

#### 27 Capital Commitments

There were no capital commitments at year end.

#### 28 Contingent liabilities

During the 2004/2005 year \$13.7 million dollars was collected as levies. Under the Act, these are payable before the commencement of construction and are refundable wholly or in part if the construction is not completed. The proportion representing incomplete work is not known and and according to past experience the amount of the refunds in proportion to the total amount collected is relatively insignificant and in the year ended 30th June 2005 amounted to approximately \$389,718 being 2.8% of the amount received. No other contingent liabilities have since come to our knowledge.

There are no known legal claims pending by third parties against the BCITB other than those matters referred to our lawyers or insurers in the normal course of business for which we consider there are no significant liabilities.

#### 29 Financial Instruments

(a) Interest rate exposure

The folowing table details the Board's exposure to interest rate risk as at the reporting date.

	Fixed	Floating	Interest maturities		
	interest rate	interest rate	1 year or less	non interest	Total
	%	%	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Financial Assets					
Bank account		4.98	444		444
Bank Investment Deposit	5.40		10,967		10,967
Term Deposit	5.44		34		34
Accounts receivable				231	231
Accrued income				1,409	1,409
Total financial assets		-	11,445	1,640	13,085
Financial liabilities					
Accounts payable				49	49
Accrued salaries				7	7
Accrued training expenditure				804	804
Employee benefits				84	84
Total financial liabilities		-		944	944
Net Financial Assets		-	11,445	696	12,141
2004					
Financial Assets					15,056
Financial Liabilities					809

The BCITB's exposure to interest rate risk, repricing maturities and the effective interest rates on financial instruments as at 30th June 2005 are :

#### (b) Credit risk exposure

All financial assets are unsecured. The carrying amount of financial assets in the financial statements, net of any provisions or losses represent the Board's maximum exposure to credit risk with taking account of the value of any collateral or other security obtained.

There are no exposures to foreign exchange contracts or to any other type of financial instruments or contracts.

(c) Net fair values

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements are not materially different from their net fair values.

#### 30 Events occurring after Reporting Date

There have been no significant events occurring since the reporting date.

#### 31 Affiliated bodies

There are no bodies associated with the BCITB which would constitute that of an affiliated body according to the disclosure requirements of the FAAA.

#### 32 Related bodies

There are no bodies associated with the BCITB which would constitute that of a related body according to the disclosure requirements of the FAAA.

#### 33 Losses, gifts and write offs of property

The were no material losses, gifts or write offs of public property.

#### 34 Impact of adopting Australian equivalents to IFRS

The Building & Construction Industry Training Board is adopting international accounting standards in compliance with AASB 1 First-Time Adoption of Australian Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

AASB 1 requires an opening balance sheet as at 1 July 2004 and the restatement of the financial statements for the reporting period to 30 June 2005 on the IFRS basis. These financial statements will be presented as comparatives in the first annual financial report prepared on an IFRS basis for the period ending 30 June 2006.

#### The impact of adopting AIFRS including key differences in accounting policies

Reconciliation of total equity presented under previous AGAAP to that under IFRS

	30 June 2005 \$000	30 June 2004 \$000
Total equity under previous AGAAP	12,175	14,263
There are no adjustments	-	-
Total equity under AIFRS	12,175	14,263
Reconciliation of surplus/(deficit) presented under previous AGAAP to that under IFRS	30 June 2005 \$000	30 June 2004 \$000
Surplus/(deficit) for the period under previous AGAAP	(2,008)	3000 1,876
There are no adjustments Surplus/(deficit) for the period under AIFRS	- (2,008)	- 1,876